

MH256 Hall-effect sensor is a temperature stable, stress-resistant, Low Tolerance of Sensitivity micro-power switch. Superior high-temperature performance is made possible through a dynamic offset cancellation that utilizes chopper-stabilization. This method reduces the offset voltage normally caused by device over molding, temperature dependencies, and thermal stress.

MH256 is special made for low operation voltage, 2.5V, to active the chip which includes the following on a single silicon chip: voltage regulator, Hall voltage generator, small-signal amplifier, chopper stabilization, Schmitt trigger, CMOS output driver. Advanced CMOS wafer fabrication processing is used to take advantage of low-voltage requirements, component matching, very low input-offset errors, and small component geometries. This device requires the presence of omni-polar magnetic fields for operation.

The package type is in a Halogen Free version has been verified by third party Lab.

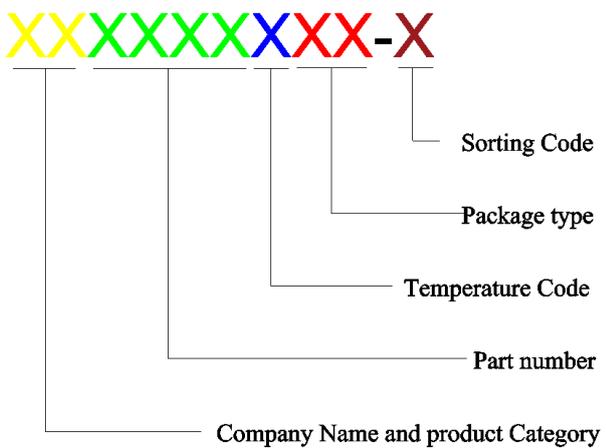
### ***Features and Benefits***

- CMOS Hall IC Technology
- Strong RF noise protection
- 2.5V to 6.0V for battery-powered applications
- Omni polar, output switches with absolute value of North or South pole from magnet
- Operation down to 2.5V, Micro power consumption
- High Sensitivity for reed switch replacement applications
- Multi Small Size option
- Low sensitivity drift in crossing of Temp range
- High ESD Protection, HBM $>±4KV$ ( min )
- Totem-pole output
- RoHS compliant 2011/65/EU and Halogen Free

### ***Applications***

- Solid state switch
- Handheld Wireless Handset Awake Switch ( Flip Cell/PHS Phone/ Note Book/Flip Video Set)
- Lid close sensor for battery powered devices
- Magnet proximity sensor for reed switch replacement in low duty cycle applications
- Water Meter
- Floating Meter
- PDVD
- NB

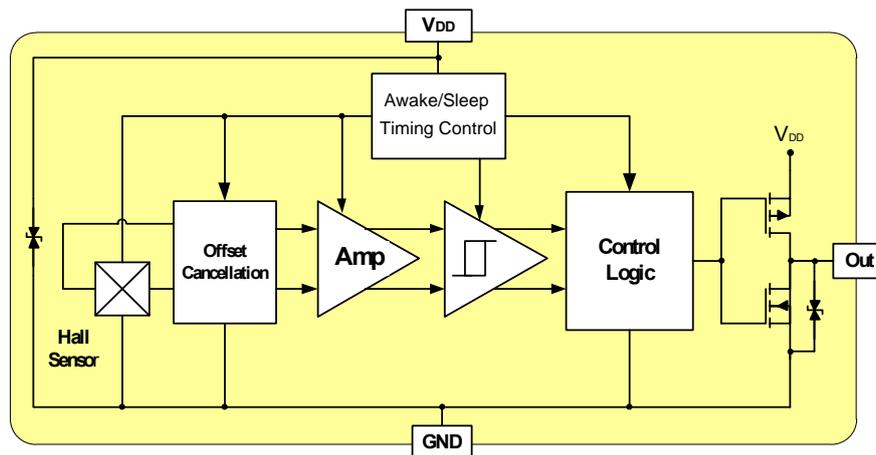
### Ordering Information

	<p><b>Company Name and Product Category</b> MH:MST Hall Effect/MP:MST Power IC</p> <p><b>Part number</b> 181,182,183,184,185,248,249,276,477,381,381F,381R,382..... If part # is just 3 digits, the fourth digit will be omitted.</p> <p><b>Temperature range</b> E: 85 °C, I: 105 °C, K: 125 °C, L: 150 °C</p> <p><b>Package type</b> UA:TO-92S,VK:TO-92S(4pin),VF:TO-92S(5pin),SO:SOT-23, SQ:QFN-3,ST:TSOT-23,SN:SOT-553,SF:SOT-89(5pin), SS:TSOT-26,SD:DFN-6</p> <p><b>Sorting</b> <math>\alpha</math>,<math>\beta</math>,Blank.....</p>
---	---

Part No.	Temperature Suffix	Package Type
MH256ESO	E (-40°C to +85°C)	SO (SOT-23)
MH256EUA	E (-40°C to +85°C)	UA (TO-92S)
MH256ESO- $\beta$	E (-40°C to +85°C)	SO (SOT-23)

Custom sensitivity selection is available by MST sorting technology

### Functional Diagram



**Note:** Static sensitive device; please observe ESD precautions. Reverse  $V_{DD}$  protection is not included. For reverse voltage protection, a 100 $\Omega$  resistor in series with  $V_{DD}$  is recommended.

MH 256, HBM >  $\pm 4$ KV which is verified by third party lab.

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings At( $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

Characteristics	Values	Unit	
Supply voltage, ( $V_{DD}$ )	6.5	V	
Output Voltage, ( $V_{out}$ )	6.5	V	
Reverse Voltage , ( $V_{DD}$ ) ( $V_{out}$ )	-0.3	V	
Magnetic flux density	Unlimited	Gauss	
Output current, ( $I_{out}$ )	5	mA	
Operating temperature range, ( $T_a$ )	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Storage temperature range, ( $T_s$ )	-65 to +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Maximum Junction Temp, ( $T_j$ )	150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$	
Thermal Resistance	$(\theta_{JA})_{SO / UA}$	543 / 206	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
	$(\theta_{JC})_{SO / UA}$	410 / 148	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$
Package Power Dissipation, ( $P_D$ )SO / UA	230 / 606	mW	

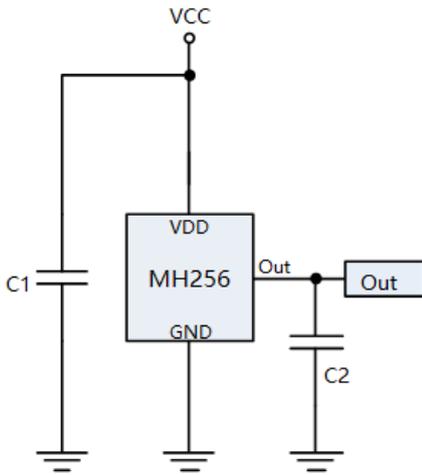
**Note:** Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### Electrical Specifications

DC Operating Parameters:  $T_a=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD}=3.0\text{V}$

Parameters	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage, ( $V_{DD}$ )	Operating	2.5		6.0	V
Supply Current, ( $I_{DD}$ )	Awake State		1.5	3	mA
	Sleep State		3.5	7	$\mu\text{A}$
	Average		350	600	$\mu\text{A}$
Output High Voltage, ( $V_{OH}$ )	$I_{OUT}=1.0\text{mA}(\text{Source})$	$V_{DD}-0.2$			V
Output Low Voltage, ( $V_{OL}$ )	$I_{OUT}=1.0\text{mA}(\text{Sink})$			0.2	V
Awake mode time, ( $T_{aw}$ )	Operating		40	80	$\mu\text{S}$
Sleep mode time, ( $T_{SL}$ )	Operating		160	320	$\mu\text{S}$
Duty Cycle, (D,C)			25		%
Response Time, ( $T_{RES}$ )				2000	Hz
Electro-Static Discharge	HBM	4			KV
Operate Point, BOPS(BOPN)	$B > \text{BOPS}(B < \text{BOPN})$ , $V_{OUT}$ On	20(-55)		55(-20)	Gauss
Release Point, BRPS(BRPN)	$B < \text{BRPS}(B > \text{BRPN})$ , $V_{OUT}$ Off	10(-45)		45(-10)	Gauss
Hysteresis, (BHYS)	$ \text{BOPX} - \text{BRPX} $		10		Gauss

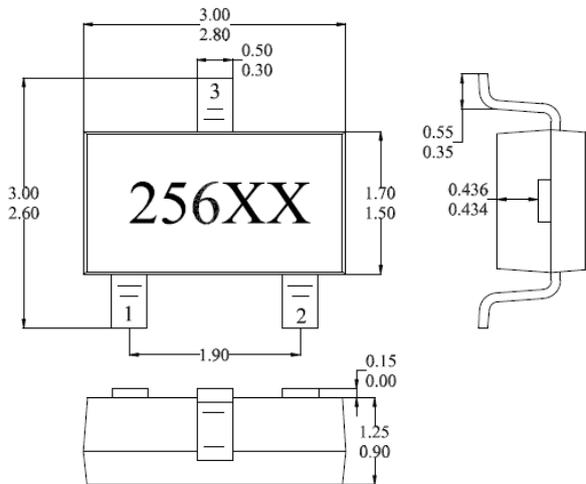
**Typical Application circuit**



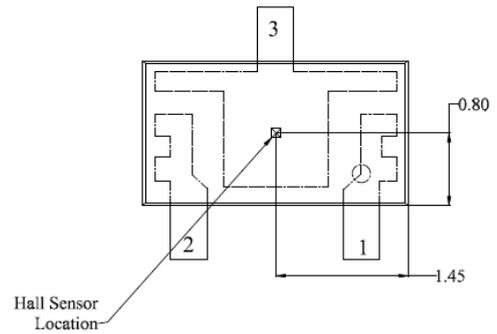
C1 : 10nF  
C2 : 100pF

**Sensor Location, package dimension and marking**  
SO Package (SOT-23)

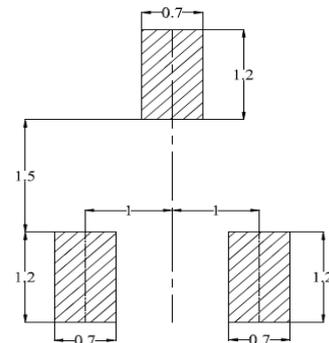
(Top View)



**Hall Plate Chip Location**  
(Bottom view)



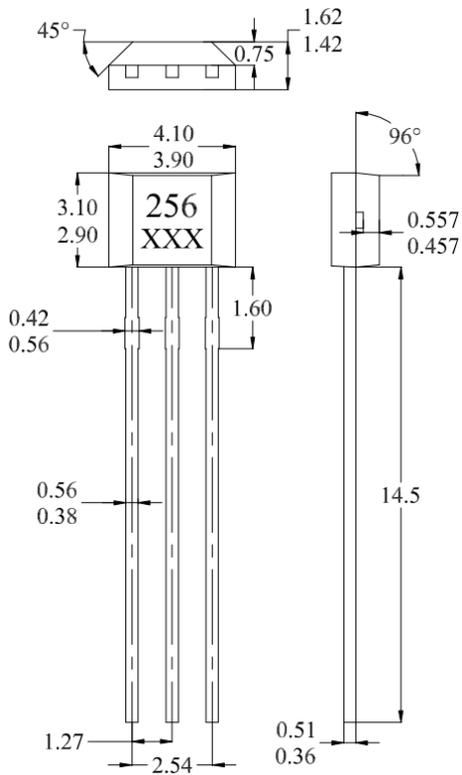
**(For reference only) Land Pattern**



**NOTES:**

1. PINOUT (See Top View at left :)  
Pin 1 V<sub>DD</sub>; Pin 2 Output; Pin 3 GND
2. Controlling dimension: mm
3. Lead thickness after solder plating will be 0.254mm maximum
4. XX: Date Code, Refer to DC table

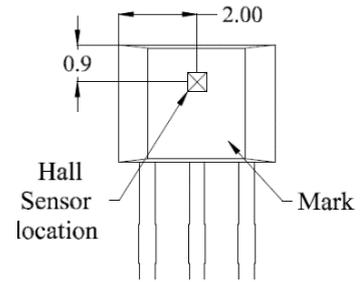
**UA Package**



**NOTES:**

1. Controlling dimension: mm
2. Leads must be free of flash and plating voids
3. Do not bend leads within 1 mm of lead to package interface.
4. PINOUT:  
Pin 1 VDD  
Pin 2 GND  
Pin 3 Output
5. XXX; 1<sup>st</sup> X=Year;  
2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> XX=Week

**Hall Chip Location**



**Output Pin Assignment**

(Top view)

